Challenging climate change or its dominant framing? Epistemic cultures in climate debates

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« Challenging 'the climate consensus'.

Perspectives from the social sciences and humanities
to analyze 'skepticism' and 'dissonant voices' on mitigation and adaptation
in the public debate on climate change »

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Meudon

Introduction

I- Hypothesis

- framing of climate change and polarization of debate
- beyond denial, other disagreement and critics
- conflict of « epistemic cultures »?

II- Investigation on geographers and the climate

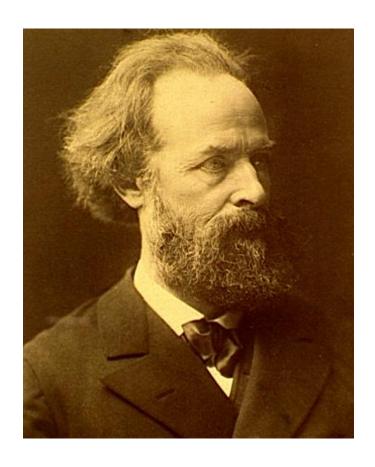
- 1- field investigation
- 2- geography and climate geography: some data
- 3- longstanding relationship between geography and environment
- 4- brief history of climate geography
- 5- climate geographers nowadays
- 6- discourses on climate change

III- Analysis and conclusion

- 1- the role of epistemic cultures
- 2- epistemic cultures and political views
- 3- advantages of « decentring »
- 4- research perspectives

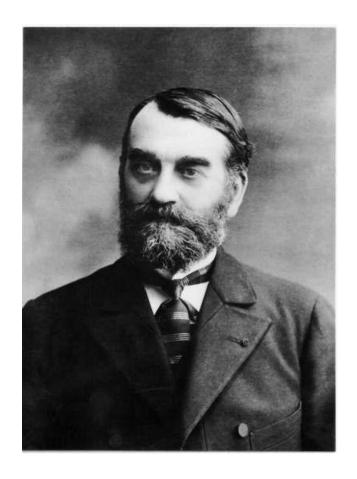
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Elisée Reclus (1830 – 1905)

Paul Vidal de la Blache (1845 – 1918)



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- « Climate change knowledge and meaning travel uncomfortably across scales and need constant reinterpretation as it is applied in different spatial contexts. »
- « The essential loading of climate with culture what climate means for people and places and the relationships between people and places over time is lost through purifying practices. »
- « Geographers are well placed to do the imaginative yet meticulous work of revealing the local roots of climate meanings and in then finding ways of allowing climate to travel and cross scales without losing these essential anchors and narratives. »

Mike Hulme

« Geographical Work at the Boudaries of Climate Change » Transaction of the Institute of British Geographers, 2008 Thank you for your attention!